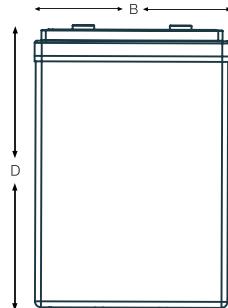
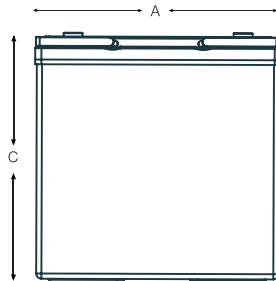
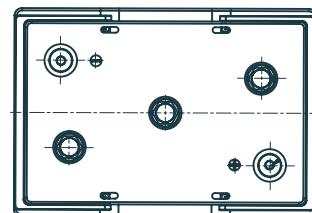


EQ-GC2

Carbon Nano Gel Bloc



Left - Negative Right - Positive



Electrical Specifications

Voltage	6V
M.R.C. 25 Amps	435
80% DOD Voltage Cutoff	5.6V
Low Voltage Cutoff	5.4V
Self Discharge	Less than 3% per month (20°C/68°F)
Charge Temperature	Min: -10°C (14°F) / Max: 50°C (122°F)
Discharge Temperature**	Min: -40°C (-40°F) / Max: 50°C (122°F)
Storage	Min: -20°C (-4°F) / Max: 60°C (140°F)

Cell Type Ue (100%) / VPC	C5	C10	C20	C100
Ref Temp	25°C	1.70 25°C	1.75 25°C	1.75 25°C
EQ-GC2	180	194	206	221

** CAUTION: Depths of discharge, operating voltages and currents, when designing systems for use at maximum temperatures, will vary.

Mechanical Specifications

Industry Reference	GC2		
Length (A)	10.2 in		260 mm
Width (B)	7.1 in		180 mm
Height (C)	10.1 in		258 mm
Weight	72.8 lbs		33kgs
Terminal (Opt'l)		M8	
Cell(s)		3	
Electrolyte		Gel	
Terminal Torque Nm		8	

NOTE: There is a tolerance of +/-2%.

Terminal Options Available:

M8
A-Pole
Dual Stud

Features

Maintenance free - no topping up required

Ultra energy efficient due to low resistance

Reduced operating temperatures for increased cycle life (>1000 cycles) and battery lifetime

Cost savings due to increased efficiency

Up to 2x faster recharge

Increased design life from 12 to 15 years

Allows for opportunity charging to give you those extra running times when required

Suitable for extreme temperature variants

Applications: all motive, leisure & solar:

Electric vehicles, including cleaning machines

Wheelchairs

Electric Working Platforms

UPS Systems

Traffic Systems

Telecommunications & Emergency Lighting

Caravans / Motorhomes RV's & Maritime

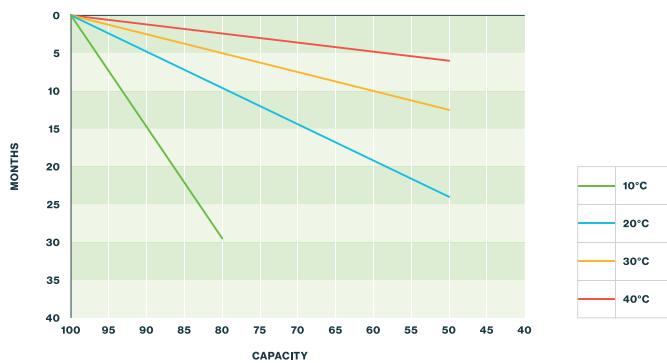
Solar & Renewable Energy & Home Invertor

Charging profile

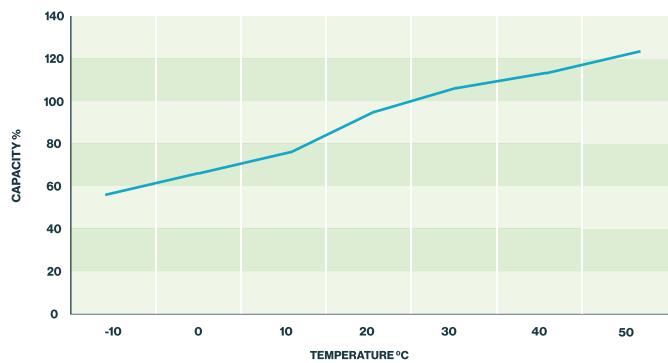
IU Charging $I = \text{min. } 12\% C_5 \text{ max. } 30\% C_5$
 $U = 2.4 \text{ V per cell}$

IUI Charging $I_1 = \text{min. } 12\% C_5 \text{ max. } 40\% C_5$
 $U = 2.35 \text{ V per cell}$
 $I_2 = 1.5\% C_5 \text{ for max. 4 hours}$

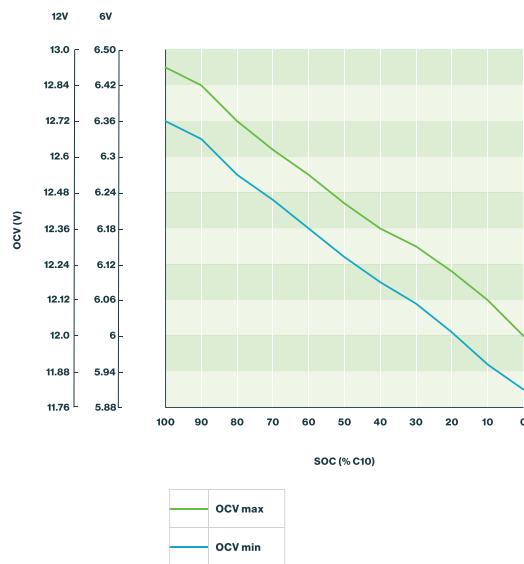
Self discharge at different temperatures



Capacity vs. temperature



Storage: Determine the state of charge



Relation between charging, voltage and temperature

